

LGBTQ Health Care Guideline Crosswalk

	Type	Topics Addressed	Details
<p>Guidelines for care of lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender patients 2005 Gay and Lesbian Medical Association www.glma.org/ data/n_0001/resources/live/GLMA%20guidelines%202006%20FINAL.pdf</p>	Clinical guidelines Structural guidelines	Health system environment Lesbians/bisexual women Gay/bisexual men	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Create a welcoming environment • Caring for lesbians and bisexual women: additional considerations for clinicians • Caring for gay and bisexual men: additional considerations for clinicians
<p>Collecting Sexual Orientation and Gender Identity Data in Electronic Health Records 2016 National LGBT Health Education Center (Fenway) www.lgbthealtheducation.org/wp-content/uploads/Collecting-Sexual-Orientation-and-Gender-Identity-Data-in-EHRs-2016.pdf</p>	Implementation guide	Electronic health records	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Includes recommended questions (sexual orientation, gender identity, name, pronouns) • Workflows for collecting data • Training staff
<p>Resource Guide — Advancing Health Equity through Gender Affirming Health Systems 2017 Cardea www.cardeaservices.org/ literature_195482/Advancing_Health_Equity_through_Gender_Affirming_Health_Systems</p>	Tools for implementing gender affirming health systems	Health system environment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Organizational Assessment for staff member (organizational values, governance, planning and monitoring/evaluation, communication, staff and provider development, organizational infrastructure, services) and community member • Glossary of terms
<p>2016 United Kingdom national guideline on the sexual health care of men who have sex with men 2016</p>	Clinical guidelines	Men who have sex with men	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • History taking • Identification of problematic recreational drug and alcohol use • STI and HIV testing in asymptomatic MSM • The management of MSM with symptoms of sexually transmissible enteritis and proctitis • HPV infection and anal dysplasia in MSM • Partner notification and MSM • STI and HIV prevention for MSM in the clinic • Sexual problems and dysfunctions in MSM

<p>Advancing Effective Communication, Cultural Competence, and Patient- and Family-Centered Care for the Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, and Transgender (LGBT) Community 2011</p> <p>The Joint Commission www.jointcommission.org/assets/1/18/LGBTFieldGuide_WEB_LINKED_VER.pdf</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clinical guidelines • Structural guidelines • Change management • Tools (checklists) 	<p>Organizational leadership Health system environment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leadership • Provision of Care, Treatment, and Services • Workforce • Data Collection and Use • Patient, Family, and Community Engagement
<p>Focus on Forms and Policy: Creating an Inclusive Environment for LGBT Patients 2017</p> <p>National LGBT Health Education Center (Fenway) www.lgbthealtheducation.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/Forms-and-Policy-Brief.pdf</p>	<p>Structural guidelines</p>	<p>Health system environment</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discrimination and employment policies should include the terms “sexual orientation,” “gender identity,” and “gender expression.” • Collecting data • Taking routine sexual history • Reviewing organizational language • Recommended language for family members
<p>Asking Essential Sexual Health Questions</p> <p>National Coalition for Sexual Health https://nationalcoalitionforsexualhealth.org/tools/for-healthcare-providers/asset/Asking-Essential-Sexual-Health-Questions.pdf</p>	<p>Clinical guidelines</p>	<p>All patients</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adults: Essential questions to ask at least annually • Adults: Essential questions to ask at least once • Adolescents: Essential questions to ask at least annually • Additional questions to ask adolescents and adults
<p>Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) Implementation Guidelines 2015 2015</p> <p>Washington State Department of Health and Public Health Seattle King County</p>	<p>Clinical guidelines</p>	<p>Men who have sex with men Transgender persons who have sex with men</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identifying persons in whom to consider PrEP • Guidelines for initiating PrEP in HIV-uninfected persons: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Medical providers should recommend that patients initiate PrEP if they meet the following criteria

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Medical providers should discuss initiating PrEP with patients who have any of the following risks
HIV testing and STD screening recommendations for men who have sex with men (MSM) 2017 King County	Clinical guidelines	Men who have sex with men	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sexual history • HIV and STD screening
Health Care for Transgender Individuals Committee Opinion 2011 American College of Obstetricians and Gynecologists	Clinical guidelines	Female to male transgender individuals Male to female transgender individuals	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating a welcoming environment • Hormones, surgery, screening (e.g., cancer) for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Female to male transgender individuals ○ Male to female transgender individuals
Supporting and Caring for Transgender Children 2016 Human Rights Campaign American College of Osteopathic physicians American Academy of Pediatrics	Background information	Transgender children Parents of transgender children	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining terms • Review of policy debate
Providing Affirmative Care for Patients with Non-binary Gender Identities 2017 National LGBT Health Education Center (Fenway) https://www.lgbthealtheducation.org/wp-content/uploads/2017/02/Providing-Affirmative-Care-for-People-with-Non-Binary-Gender-Identities.pdf	Structural guidelines Clinical guidelines	Health system environment Transgender and gender non-conforming people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understanding Non-binary Gender Identities • Glossary • Using Names and Pronouns • Barriers to care • Case scenarios • Best Practices: Creating an affirming environment for non-binary people
Affirmative Care for Transgender and Gender Non-Conforming People: Best Practices for Front-line Health Care Staff	Structural guidelines Clinical guidelines	Health system environment Health system environment Transgender and gender non-conforming people	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Training guidance • Background on transgender and gender non-conforming people • Clinical changes for addressing patients, using names and pronouns, if record name and sex

<p>2016 National LGBT Health Education Center (Fenway)</p>			<p>do not match, apologizing for mistakes, respectful workplace culture</p>
<p>Guidelines for the Primary and Gender-Affirming Care of Transgender and Gender Nonbinary People 2016 Center of Excellence for Transgender Health Department of Family & Community Medicine University of California, San Francisco</p>	<p>Structural guidelines Clinical guidelines</p>	<p>Health system environment Transgender and gender non-conforming people</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating safe and welcoming clinical environment • Physical examination (e.g., pelvic exam) • Gender-affirming treatments and procedures • Hormone therapy • Pelvic pain (e.g., menses, testicular pain) • Gender non-conforming people • Diabetes • Bone health and osteoporosis • HIV • Hepatitis C • Other STIs • Silicone and hair removal • Fertility • Cancer screening • Behavioral health • Surgery
<p>Standards of Care for the Health of Transsexual, Transgender, and Gender Nonconforming People The World Professional Association for Transgender Health</p>	<p>Clinical guidelines</p>	<p>Transgender and gender non-conforming people</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definitions • Overview of Therapeutic Approaches for Gender Dysphoria • Assessment and Treatment of Children and Adolescents with Gender Dysphoria • Mental Health • Hormone Therapy • Reproductive Health • Voice and Communication Therapy • Surgery • Postoperative Care and Follow-Up • Lifelong Preventive and Primary Care