Speaking Up & Listening Skills Strategies for Interprofessional Teams (Developed with UW Medicine Patient Safety and Innovations Program Funding)

Speaking Up Strategies	Definition	Examples
Consideration	Demonstrate respect for the other	 I can see you are quite busy, I can help
	persons' time or task load before	with X so you can do Y.
	delivering concerns around patient care.	1
Empathy	Express understanding of emotional	 I understand your frustration.
	cues via statements of appreciation,	 I can see you want to do the right thing.
	perspective taking, and partnership	 Let's see if we can think about
	building.	alternatives together.
Curiosity	Express a genuine desire to understand	• I'm curious
	more about the other person's point of	■ I'm wondering
	view.	Can you tell me more about XYZ?
Start questions	Open questions with "What" or "How"	• What are the important parts of the plan?
with What or	instead of "Why" or "Who" to help the	• What led you to this conclusion?
How	listener engage in reasoning, and	How can we accomplish XYZ?
	decision making, action taking.	
Encourage	Express words of encouragement for	 Let's loop in XYZ.
other's	the other person to elaborate on their	 Who else can we talk to for more
opinions	thoughts or suggest alternatives.	information?
		 I would love to hear more about what
		you have in mind.
Brainstorm	Use open-ended exploratory statements	_
solutions	to create problem solving options.	What ideas do you have?
	Focus is on coming up with ideas, paths	■ What should we do?
	forward, solutions, compromises.	

Listening Strategies	Definition	Examples
Express gratitude/ acknowledge courage	State words of appreciation for what the other person brought to your attention; Acknowledge that bringing up the issue might have been difficult for the other person.	 Thank you for XYZ, I appreciate it. I understand why you brought this up. I am so glad you felt comfortable/able to raise this with me.
Suspend judgment	Use phrases that acknowledge the merit of the speaker's concern or question.	 I hear your concern. That sounds like a reasonable option to me.
Neutralize language	Use phrases that de-escalate the situation and avoid the use of inflammatory terms, especially when referring to difficult patients.	 You prefer to do XYZ (as opposed to "why are you wasting time trying to do XYZ"). The patient has indeed been a challenge (as opposed to "that patient was so rude").

Listening Strategies	Definition	Examples
Reflect the concerns/ feelings	Mirror other person's concern in a specific manner or acknowledge emotions in an empathetic manner.	 I hear you are concerned that the patient may not be safely transported. I would be frustrated too if I were in your position.
Reframing	Address the needs and interests of the speaker in a manner that allows the team member to move forward.	 Trying to multi-task is challenging and you wish to move forward with a prioritized list of tasks. You goal is to provide both efficient and safe care.
Ask questions to deepen understanding and gather more information	Use open-ended questions to more deeply understand the situation or other person's point of view. Gather information before offering an opinion or judgment.	 What do you think Whose options should we consider Given the competing priorities, how can we best move forward?
Discuss next steps	Provide follow-up instructions or suggestions to advance patient care actions.	 Why don't I do x and you do Y? Why don't we ask x to follow up on y and in the meantime, we can do z.